

LEIPA Classic White C®

Variety **Uncoated White Top Testliner**

Printing Process Flexographic printing

Offset printing, digital printing (Test printing required)

Surface matt

Fabric input 100% Recycled fibre

Format Roll

Roll diameter 120.0 cm - 145.0 cm

Roll width 70.0 cm - 335.0 cm

Sleeve diameter Inside: 100 mm 100 mm*

Outside: 120 mm 125 mm

* Used from a roll width of 300 cm

Factory adhesive Max. 2 factory adhesive bindings per roll

Packaging No packaging

FSC® Chain-of-Custody, PEFC™ Chain-of-Custody, ISO 9001/14001, OHSAS 18001, ISO 50001, EMAS Certifications and Eco-labels







Product Structure

White Top Testliner, 100% waste paper content

Raw material: Use of deinked goods, mixed light-coloured print chips, magazines, mixed

waste paper, also unused cardboard and chips

Surface: uncoated

Auxiliary materials: The auxiliary materials used for our paper production are free of organic

chlorine compounds and do not lead to AOX formation. Furthermore, according to the REACH regulation, substances of very high concern (SVHC substances) are not used. They are also not contained as

secondary components in the chemicals we use.

Packaging

The rolls are unpacked. The first 5-10 layers of the roll are considered packaging.

Labelling

A label is affixed to the surface on the left side of the edge of the roll. This contains the order number, the roll weight, the roll width, the roll diameter, the core diameter, the paper grade, the basis weight, the roll number and four removable self-adhesive labels with a 14-digit and a 18-digit barcode.

The roll number composition is as follows:

18 5 22 089 43

18 - Year of production

5 - Paper machine

22 - Week of production

089 - Tambour number

43 - Roll number

Clearance certificate

Our liner can be used safely as food packaging and may be in direct contact with dry, non-greasy foods and foods that are peeled or washed before consumption.

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Hygroscopic property

As a fibre-based material, testliner has the property of creating an equilibrium with the surrounding air humidity. This is related to the absolute humidity inside the testliner, and is a decisive quality factor in further processing.

The principle involved is that the absolute humidity in the ambient air increases with rising temperature and/or relative humidity (see water vapour content as a function of temperature and relative humidity).

For an optimum product result, acclimatisation and processing in a controlled room or standard climate as prescribed by the ISO standard is therefore recommended.

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